

## Year 3 National Curriculum Maths Objectives

### Place Value

I know what each digit means in Hundred Tens and Unit numbers such as 204. E.g. 2 hundreds, 0 tens and 4 units/ones	I can read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words.	I can compare and order numbers up to 1000.
I can find 10 more or less than a given number. I can find 100 more or less than a given number.	I can count from 0 in steps of 3, 8, 50 and 100.	I can solve number problems, working with numbers up to 1000 and in different units of measurement.

### Addition & Subtraction (+ and -)

I can add and subtract numbers in my head, including questions such as $432 - 7$ , $432 - 70$ and $432 - 300$ .	I can estimate the answer to a question before I work it out and then use inverse operations to check the answer when I have finished. E.g. $32 + 8 = 40$ so $40 - 8 = 32$	I solve problems such as missing numbers (for example, $452 - ? = 122$ ) using my knowledge of number facts and methods of addition and subtraction.
I can use written methods to add or subtract two three-digit numbers. E.g. $232 + 234$	I can work on money problems, adding and subtracting amounts of money and working out how much change is left. I use both £ and p in my problems.	

### Multiplication & Division (x and ÷)

I know my 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10 and 11 times tables.	I can use my x/÷ facts to solve longer multiplication problem e.g. $17 \times 5 = (5 \times 10 + 5 \times 7)$	I can answer multiplication and division questions such as $16 \times 5$ or $45 \div 9$ using the appropriate mental or written method.
I understand that x/÷ is linked and can show this in a number sentence e.g. $7 \times 5 = 35 / 5 \times 7 = 35 / 35 \div 7 = 5 / 35 \div 5 = 7$ .	I can solve longer multiplication sums using the written methods up to 3 digit by 1 digit. E.g. $234 \times 4$	I can answer word problems involving ÷ using my x/÷ number facts e.g. 45 children got into 5 groups, how many were in each group?

### Fractions

I know that tenths can be found by dividing an object or shape into ten equal parts or by dividing numbers by 10.	I can find a fraction (such as $\frac{2}{5}$ or $\frac{3}{4}$ ) of a number or set of objects.	I can compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators ( <i>bottom number of the fraction</i> ).
I can count up and down in tenths.	I know how to find fractions of a shape - such as $\frac{3}{5}$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ or $\frac{4}{6}$ .	I can show that some fractions have the same value - such as $\frac{1}{2}$ , $\frac{3}{6}$ and $\frac{5}{10}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{3}{9}$ .

I can add and subtract fractions with the same denominator [for example,  $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$ ].

# Cheselbourne Village School Learning Ladder – Maths



## Year 3 Measure, Geometry & Statistics Objectives

### Measure

I can identify and estimate numbers in different units such as length (mm and m) and weight (g and kg).	I can measure in these units: lengths (m,cm,mm), weight (kg,g) and capacity (l,ml).	I can measure and compare in these units: lengths (m,cm,mm), weight (kg,g) and capacity (l,ml).
I know and use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight in my maths work.	I can measure the perimeter of a 2-D shape such as a square or triangle.	I can tell the time accurately to the nearest minute.
I know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year.	I can tell and write the time from a clock with numbers or Roman numerals or using 12 and 24 hour clocks.	I can measure and record time passing in seconds, minutes and hours.
I can tell and write the time from a clock with numbers or Roman numerals or using 12 and 24 hour clocks.	I can calculate how long an event or task took to complete.	

### Shape

I recognise and can describe 3-D shapes.	I recognise and can describe 3-D shapes even when they have been turned about in different ways.	I can tell whether an angle is greater than or less than a right angle.
I draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials.	I know what a right angle is and I know that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four right angles make a complete turn.	I know when two lines are perpendicular or parallel.
I know an angle is used to measure how far something turns. An angle is also the point in a 2-D shape.	I know when a line is horizontal or vertical.	

### Statistics

I can make my own bar charts, pictograms and tables.	I can make my own bar charts, pictograms and tables and can answer questions about them.	I can answer maths problems such as 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?' by finding the information in bar charts, pictograms and tables.
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